

**EXTRACT FROM LOG OF CODE OF CONDUCT ENQUIRIES:  
8TH JULY 2010 ONWARDS**

<b>Case No.</b>	<b>Date of Enquiry</b>	<b>District/Town/Parish Council</b>	<b>Nature of Enquiry (Brief Details)</b>	<b>Advice Given (Brief Details)</b>	<b>Code of Conduct Reference (Para No.)</b>
71.	12.07.10		Enquiry regarding the interests of a former Mayor of a town council in relation to a decision to pay cancellation fees from the Mayor's Charity Fund.	As this affected both the Mayor's financial position more than the majority of inhabitants in the area and his financial interests, advice was given that the interest was personal and prejudicial. (CM)	8, 9, 10
72.	21.07.10		Enquiry regarding the interests of a Member of a Parish Council where a person being co-opted as a new Councillor was a member of the family or close associate.	Confirmed with Standards for England that this would be a personal interest because the co-option would affect the 'well-being' of the existing Member. However the interest would not be prejudicial because it did not affect the Councillor's financial interests nor relate to a planning or licensing issue. (CM)	8, 9

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73.	23.08.10		Enquiry regarding the nature of a Councillor's interest should the organisation for which they work publish proposals effecting the parish upon which they would be expected to vote	<p>Advised that if a Councillor is an employee of any organisation that person would have a personal interest in any matter considered by the Council that affects that organisation. Explained that the Councillor would be required to declare that interest but could stay in the room and vote.</p> <p>That person also has a prejudicial interest if the matter affects the financial interests of the organisation by whom they are employed, relates to a planning application (and if a member of the public considers that interest to be so significant that it would be likely to prejudice the Councillor's judgement of the public interest.) Explained that the Councillor would be required to leave the room.</p> <p>Paragraph 12(2) also explained – which allows a Member with a prejudicial interest to speak to the meeting in the same way as member of the public but then leave the room (CM)</p>	8,9,10,12(2)